

Proceedings of the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority Kerala

Present: Prof. (Dr.) K.P. Joy, Chairman, Dr. J. Subhashini, Member & Sri. V.S.Senthil I.A.S Member Secretary

SEIAA - Environmental clearance for the quarry project in Sy. No. 120/1-23 at Erumely South Village Erumely Panchayath, Kanjirappally Taluk, Kottayam District, Kerala by Mr.K.V. Abraham, M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals Pvt. Ltd -E.C Granted-Orders issued

State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Kerala

No. 963/SEIAA/EC4/4473/2015

dated, Thiruvananthapuram 08.02.2017

Ref:

1. Application dated 27:10:2015 from Sri. K.V. Abraham, M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals Pvt. Ltd

2. Minutes of the 58th meeting of SEAC held on 28/29-06-2016

3. Minutes of the 62nd meeting of SEAC held on 6/7-09-2016
4. Minutes of the 60th meeting of SEIAA held on 27-10-2016

ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE NO.15/2017

Mr.K.V.Abraham, Managing Partner, Thomsun Estates, Chempakapara, Erumely P.O. Kottayam District -686 509 vide his application received on 27/10/2015, has sought Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 for the quarry project in Sy. No.120/1-23 at Erumely South Village, Erumely Panchayath, Kanjirappally Taluk, Kottayam District, Kerala for an area of 4.23 hectares. The project comes under Category B, Activity 1(a), (i) as per the Schedule of EIA Notification 2006 (since it is below 50 hectares) and as per O.M. No. L-11011/47/2011-IA.II(M) dated 18th May 2012 of Ministry of Environment and Forests. It is further categorized as Category B2 as per the O.M. No. J-13012/12/2013-IA-II (I) dt. 24.12.2013 of Ministry of Environment and Forests, since the area of the project is below 25 hectares.

The proposed project site falls within Latitude 9028'22.26'N to 9028'31.19"N and Longitude 76⁰51'12.47"E to76⁰51'22.71"E. The land use classification as per revenue records is private own land. The lease area consists of 4.23 hectares. The current proposal is for the new building stone quarry project. The proposed project is for quarrying of 1, 50,000MTA of building stone. The Other details are as follows;

	I. Project details					
1.	File No.	963 / SEIAA / EC4 / 4473 / 2015				
2.	Name /Title of the project	M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals				
3.	Name and address of project proponent.	Mr. K.V. Abraham, Managing Partner, M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals, Thomsun Estates, Chempakapara, Erumely P.O., Kottayam District, Kerala-686509				
4.	Owner of the land	Private Own Land				
5.	Survey No. District/Taluk/ and Village etc.	Survey Nos. 120/1-23, Erumely South Village, Erumely Panchayat, Kanjirappally Taluk, Kottayam District, Kerala				
6.	Nature of the proposal — lease or permit with evidence.	New Quarry Project				
7.	Date of submission of Application	27-10-2015				
8.	Brief description of the project.	Quarry project with an area of 4.23 hectares. & Production capacity 1,50,000 MTA				
9.	Details of Authorized Signatory and address for correspondence	M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals, Mr. K.V. Abraham, Managing Partner Thomsun Estates, Chempakapara, Erumely P.O., Kottayam District, Kerala-686509				
10.	a) Extent of area in hectares	II. Land Details 4.23 hectares				
11.	b) Is the property forest land/Govt. land/own land/patta land	Private own land				
12.	c) Quantity of top soil/over burden produced and managed	Fopsoil :15,015 cu. m. Overburden : 5,460 cu. m				
13.	d) Latitude and Longitude	Latitude (N) 09°28'22.26"N to 09°28'31.19"N Longitude (E) 76°51'12.47"E to 76°51'22.71"E				
14.	e) Topography of land and elevation	Part of the proposed land is exposed rock and there is no vegetation in that area. Some part of the proposed land is covered with native trees, shrubs, herbs, grass, climbers, bushes etc. The highest elevation of the lease area is 195 m. MSL and lowest is 130 m MSL. As the proposed area is low height hillocks, the drainage of the lease area is towards North-West. No habitants are located in the lease area				
15.	f) Slope analysis	Slope: towards North-West				
16.	g) Will there be any significant land disturbance	No'				

resulting in soil	
erosion,	
subsidence &	
natural drainage.	
h) Access road to the	Ì
7. site width and 8m tarred road, SW	l
condition	
i) Will there be any	
adverse impact on No	
the aesthetics of	
the proposal site	
III. Mining details	
a) Minimum and	
Maximum 135 m MSL and 195 m MSL	
neight of	
excavation.	
0. b) Life of mine About 17 years	,
proposed.	
c) Underground mining if any There will be no underground mining activities.	
proposed d) Method of Control of Mining	
Onen cast semi-mechanized inggroup illining. ***	
Mining	
e) Distance from the adjacent There is no quarry in operating within 500m from the quarry.	
quarry — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
4. f) Cluster No. There is no quarry in operating within 500m from the quarry.	
g) Has "No cluster was a submitted along with our application Page	
Yes. Chister certificate should along with our application rage	e No.
submitted?	
h) Distance from	
6. No human habitation within 500m radius.	
habitation	
The state of the s	
7. Widnigarral utily Reserve Torests, about 6 km. 5 11	
2. Ponthenpuzha Forest, 8 km., W	
j) Distance from	
protected area,	ļ
Wildlife	
8. Sanctuary, None within the study area.	
National Park	·
etc	
Water hodies :-	
k) Distance from 1 Manimala River, about 2 km., NW	
nearby 2. Korattypuzha, 5 km., E	
9. streams/rivers/N 3 Pampa River, 7.5 km., SE	
ational Highway	
and Roads SH-44 5km. W.	
1) Is ESA	
applicable? If so Not falling in ESA	
distance from Not falling in ESA	
ESA limit	
1. m) Has approved Yes. Submitted along with the application.	

		mining plan,		
		prepared by		
		RQP submitted?		
	n)	1 /		
32.		production in	1,50,000 TPA	
		TPA		
			The mining will be done by open cast semi-mechanized method of	
33.	0)		mining. The bench height and width will be maintained 5 m. Excavated material is transported to the crusher unit proposed to be installed within	
] 55.		mining process	the complex for further processing. The ultimate depth of the mine	
			workings is estimated to reach upto 130 m. MSL	
	<u> </u>		IV. Details of Project cost	
34.		a) Land cost		
35.		b) Plant and	Rs. 2.50 Crores.	
		Machinery	Ks. 2.30 Cloics.	
36.		c) Total Cost		
		V. Financial		
		Statement		
		including funding	Insurance: Insurance to the quarry workers would be provided through	
37.		source and	insurance company	
	i	details of	Source of funding = Own source & Bank loan	
		insurance		
		etc.		
			Air Mining activities will generate certain quantities	
			Pollution of dust during drilling, blasting, loading and	
			transportation operations. The following measures	
			will be taken to mitigate the fugitive dust from	
			different operations.	
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Eaving of haul road as per the standards,	
			black topping of permanent haul road and	
			service road to avoid or eliminate air – borne	
	4		dust.	
			To avoid the dust generation from the drilling	
	1		operations, wet drilling method will be adopted. Drill machines will be equipped with dust	
		Drill machines will be equipped with dust collectors.		
		Management	Use of appropriate explosives for blasting and	
38.		Plan	avoiding overcharging of blast holes.	
			Controlled blasting techniques will be adopted.	
		***	> Watering of haul road and other road at regular	
			intervals.	
			> Provision of dust filters/ mask to workers working	
			at highly dust prone and affected areas. Provision of green belt all along the periphery of	
			Provision of green belt all along the periphery of the lease area.	٠.
	İ		Periodical monitoring of ambient air quality in	
			and around the lease area.	
	.		The extracted mineral will be transported from the	
		,	quarry to the end user by adopting following	
			measures so as to minimize dust emissions.	
			In case of long transportation the trucks after	
			loading will be covered with tarpaulin sheets.	

					<u> </u>
	·			> Speed of the vehicles will be maintained within the prescribed limits.	!
			:	Trucks will not be over loaded and will be maintained to the body level.	
			Water Pollution	Provision of a storm water collection pond of total capacity about 8,000 KL. The water requirement for sprinkling on sources of dust emission, on roads, landscaping etc. can be met from the stored rainwater	
			Noise	in the pond. The major noise generating source from the proposed	
				activity is working machinery, drilling, blasting and plying of vehicles. The following control measures are to be undertaken to bring down the noise levels:	
				> Proper maintenance of machinery, equipments and improvement on design of machines.	
				> Use of personal projective devices i.e., earmuffs and earplugs by workers, who are working in high noise generating areas.	
				> Creation of wide green belt of dense foliage between mine areas and residential colonies.	
				> related health problems > Proper training to personnel to create awareness	
				about adverse noise level effects. > Planned noise monitoring at suitable locations in the plant and outside location for proper effective	
			Solid Waste	remedial actions. Topsoil Management	
				A total estimated quantity of 15,015 cu. m. of topsoil is proposed to be removed during the mining	
				operations. The topsoil excavated from the quarry will be dumped separately at pre-determined place and	·
				subsequently will be utilized in spreading over reglaimed areas for plantation. Precautions will be	
				maken to limit the height of the topsoil dump to 5 to 6 meters in order to preserve its fertility and shelf life. It	
	4			will be suitably protected from soil erosion and infertility by planting fodder grass and leguminous	
				plants during temporary storage.	
				Overburden Management About 5,460 cu. m of overburden will be generated	
				throughout the mine life. This waste will be utilized	
				within the pit for lying of haul roads. At the end use, OB can be reutilized as soil base for plantation	
i			Eco- restoration	The year wise programme of eco-restoration for the life of mine, about 2,750 trees will be planted in an	
			10001411011	area of 2.7581 ha. The main aim of the green belt development is to restore the eco-system to its original	
				form to a maximum extent by designing the green cover with the same native species.	
-		VI. Whether	<u> </u>	Cover with the same native species.	· -
		Environment			
	39.	Management	Yes		
		Plan or Eco			

		·
	restoration Plan	
	satisfactory?	
ĺ	VII. Does it	
	suggest	
	mitigation	·
40.	measures for	Yes
	each	
	activity	
	VIII. If Pre-	
41.	Feasibility	Van
41.	Report (PFR)	Yes.
	satisfactory	·
	IX. Does it	
42.	1 1	No Public Hearing required because of the project comes under below
42.	need public	25 ha.
	hearing	
	X. Details	
43.	of litigation	No litigation is pending against the lease area/ applicant of the
43.	and Court	proposed lease area in any court of law.
	verdict if any	
	XI. Details	
	of public	
44.		NT/I
	complaint, if	Nil
	any	
	XII. Details	a. Mine Lease
15	of statutory	b. NOC from Pollution Control Board
45.	sanction	c. Environment Clearance from SEIAA / MoEF
	required	d. NOC from Explosive Dept.
	XIII.If CRZ	d. 1100 Holl Explosive Dept.
1.0	Acceptance	Not Applicable Not Applicable
46.	recommendati	
	on applicable?	
	***	PART IN
	Environ	ment Impact Assessment and Mitigation Measures
		Impact on water
	a) Details	
	312 ´ _ _	The total water requirement is about 15 KLD in which 1 KLD is for
	7000000	tomestic which would be sourced from open well, 12 KLD for dust
47.		
		uppression system in mine & in Ancillary Unit and 2 KLD for plantation
		ourposes and will be sourced from storm water pond.
	KLD	
	b) Water	
48.	source/so (Open Well and Storm water pond.
•	urces.	
	c) Expected	
	wateruse	
49.	1	5KLD
	per day	
	in KLD.	
	d) Details	
	of water	4.5
	requirem I	t is proposed to construct a storm water collection pond and de-siltation
	ents met	nit in the lowest contour of the plot. The water requirement for
50.	from	prinkling on sources of dust emission, roads and for landscaping
	110m r	surposes can be met from the stored rain water pond and thereby
	water	onserve the fresh water.
	harvestin	
	g.	<u> </u>
		"

	e) What are	
	the	
	impact of	
51.	the	Wells. The use of ground water (standby arrangement) only based on the
71.	proposal	permissible yield from the large open wells. Thereby no impact to the
	on the	ground water.
	ground	
	water?	
	f) How	
	much of	•
	the water	
	requirem	
	ent can	
	be met	
	from the	
	recycling	
52.	of treated	Not applicable as the project is quarry Project
	waste	
	water?	
	(Facilitie	
	s for	
	liquid	
	waste	
	treatment	
)	4.2
	g) What is	
	the	
	incremen	
	tal	
	pollution	
	load	
53	from	
53.	waste	Not applicable as the project is quarry Project
	water	
1	generate	
	d from.	
	the	
	proposed	
	activities	
	* ***	
	h) How is	· ·
	the storm	
	water	It is proposed to construct a storm mater collection mand and do silte!
54.	within	It is proposed to construct a storm water collection pond and de-siltation
	the site	unit in the lowest contour of the plot.
	managed	
-		act on Biodiversity and Eco restoration Programmes
	a) Will the	THE PARTY WATER MAY AND AND STREET
	project	
55.	involve	Yes. The proposed quarry has native trees, climbers, grass, shrubs, herbs
	extensive	etc. which will be clear from the site.
	clearing	
	01000	

	-		
		or	
		modifica	
		tion of	
		vegetatio	
		n	·
		(Provide	
		details)	
	b)		
	′	the	
		measures	
		proposed	
		to	
		minimize	It is proposed to develop green belt to 90 % which includes areas like
		the likely	along mine lease boundary (7.5 m width), all along the periphery and
		impact	reclaimed area.
		on	Grass and bushes will be planted in areas prone to erosion especially at
56.		vegetatio	the foot of the hill. Other areas will be fertilized and planted with local
		n (details	species. The characteristics of this vegetation will resemble that of the
		of	natural environment except for the early growth, which may be a
		proposal	protective cover crop of non-seeding annuals
		for tree	
	İ	plantatio	
		n/	
		landscapi	
		ng)	
	(c)	Is there	
	"	any	
		displace	
		ment of	
		fauna 🚣	
		both	
		terrestria	
		land	
		aquatic.	
		- If so	
		what are	
		the	
57		mitigatio	No.
57.		n	
		measures	
		?	NO!
	(d)	Presence	
		of any	
		endanger	·
		ed	
		species	·
		or red	
		listed	
		category	
		(in	
		detail)	
			Impact on Air Environment
-r	a)	What are	
58.	-	the	Already mentioned in above (Item No. 38)

			mitigatio	
			n	
			measure	·
			s on	
			generati	•
	ļ		on of	
1			dust,	
			smoke	·
			and air	
			quality	
		b)	Details	
		U)	of	
			internal	
59.			traffic	N.A.
39.				IV.A.
		İ	manage	
			ment of	
			the site.	
	.	c)	Details	
			of noise	
			from	
			traffic,	
			machine	
60.			s and	Already mentioned in above (Item No. 38)
00,			vibrator	
			and	
-			mitigatio	
			n	
			measure	
		_	<u>s</u>	
		d)	Impact	
			of DG	
			sets and	
-			other	
	d		equipme	
	4		nts on	
	1		noise	
	,		and	
			vibration	
			and	Already mentioned in above (Item No. 38)
61.		!	ambient	Aneady inclinioned in above (nom 140. 30)
			air	
			quality	
			around	
		1	the	
			project	·
			site and	
			mitigatio	·
			n	
			measure	
		1	\$	
	•	(e)	Air	
		'	quality	Yes, air quality monitoring carried out from an approved laboratory at
62.			monitori	site and report of the same is already submitted.
			ng in	,
			p	<u> </u>

	detail	
		Energy Conservation
63.	a) Details of power requirem ent and source of supply.	The total power requirement will be 75 kW for compressors which will be operated by Diesel Engine.
64.	b) Details of renewabl e energy (non – conventi onal) used.	The project proponent proposed to have a solar power plant to meet the energy requirements of the site office & labour quarters.
	a) Are there	Risk Management
65.	a) Are there sufficient measures proposed for hazards in commerced as accident site?	available round the clock for attending emergency arising out of accidents. All working personnel would be medically examined at least once in every year and at the end of his term of employment.
66.	b) Are propose fencing are the quarry satisfactory c) Storage of explosives/l ous substant detail d) Facility for waste managemen	Proper and safe storage of explosives in approved and Licensed Magazine. Topsoil Management A total estimated quantity of 15,015 cu. m. of topsoil is proposed to be removed during the mining operations. The topsoil excavated from the quarry will be dumped separately at pre-determined place and subsequently will be utilized in spreading over reclaimed areas for plantation. Precautions will be taken to limit the height of the topsoil dump to 5 to 6 meters in order to preserve its fertility and shelf life. It will be suitably protected from soil erosion and
•		plantation
	\	Socio Economic Impacts
67.	a) Will the pro- cause adver- effects on lo communitie disturbance	se No.

	sacred sites or	
	other cultural	
	values. What are	•
	the safe guards	
	proposed?	·
	b) Will the proposal	
	result in any	
	changes to the	No. Part of proposed land is covered with native trees, shrubs,
68.	demographic	herbs, grass, climbers, bushes etc. it should be removed.
	structure of local	neros, grass, chimbers, busines etc. it blieded of
	population. If so,	
	provide details.	
		As a part of Corporate Social Responsibility, it is proposed to
	c) CSR components	spend Rs 9 lakhs (non-recurring) and 13 lakhs (recurring) per
69.	suggested	year for a period of next 5 years for the welfare of the local
	i	community
	d) What are the	
	projects benefits	
70	in terms of	26 people are directly and indirectly working this quarry
70.		
	employment potential?	
	potential:	PART C
	Details of NABET	M/s Environmental Engineers & Consultants Pvt. Ltd.
		(MoEF&CC list of Accredited Consultant Organization)
	approved EIA	Head Office:-A1-198, JanakPuri, New Delhi.
l 71.	Consultant engaged-	Branch Office:-
	Their name, address	No Vachi
	and accreditation	Kerala.
	details	
		Summary and Conclusion
	a) Overall	The proposed project is a New Quarry project with an area of 4.23
72.	justification for	The proposed project is a New Quarty project with an area of
'	implementation	hectares. & Production capacity 1,50,000 MTA
	of the project.	
	b) Explanation of	the goethetics
73.	how adverse	No., there will be no adverse impacts envisaged on the aesthetics
13.	impäet have been	of the project site.
	mitigated.	<u></u>
	1	

2. The proposal was considered in the 58th meeting of SEAC held on 28th & 29th June, 2016. The minutes of the said meeting are as follows; Further to the intimation of SEAC, the proponent along with the RQP was present in the meeting and RQP made a power point presentation of the salient features of the project. The committee appraised the proposal based on the mining plan, pre-feasibility report and all other documents submitted along with the Form I application and decided to defer the item for site visit.

Field visit to the quarry project site of M/S Thomsun Sands and Metals, Erumely Village, Kanjirappaly Taluk, Kottayam district, Kerala was carried out on 30.08.2016 by Sri. John Mathai, Member, SEAC along with Dr. K. Sreedharan from DoECC. The representatives of the proponent were present at the site at the time of site visit.

The project is located at about 1.5 km south-east of Erumeli centre. This quarry lease area form part of a hillock exposing hard rock falling entirely within the land of Thomsun Estates. The approach road is through the unsurfaced estate road. Boundary pillars of this plot are erected and numbered displaying GPS values. In the area proposed for quarry is an elevated ridge with overall slope to NW. This is an uncultivated land that exposes hard rock with few patches of OB and top soil of variable thickness. Rubber plantation is the dominant landuse all around. The storm water flows as sheet flow reaching Erumelitodu located on the western side. Dwelling units are not seen within 100 m. Other quarries are not seen within 500 m.

The quarry may be recommended for EC after considering the following points:-

- 1) The entire area proposed for quarry should be fenced all around.
- 2) The limited top soil and OB need proper storage area on the lower part and provided with protective walls.
- 3) The approach road needs widening and surfacing even though it is located within the estate.
- 4) The limited patch of natural vegetation seen in the upper part adjacent to the proposed lease area should be preserved as such.
- 5) A small plot should be set apart for the rehabilitation of rare plants seen in the area.
- 6) The entire quarry should be provided with catch water drain all around. The storm water from the upper slopes to be channelized into the drain and clarified before it is let out.
- 7) A RWH structure should be created for the storage of rain water.
- 8) The area planned for crusher is located in the valley. The water draining out through this area should also be clarified before it is let out.
- 9) Details of CSR to be provided as promised in the SEAC meeting.
- 3. The proposal along with field visit report was again placed in the 62nd SEAC meeting held on 6th& 7th September 2016. The Committee after examining the mining plan, prefeasibility report, field inspection report by Sri. John Mathai and all other documents submitted, decided to Recommend for issuance of EC subject to general conditions along with the following specific conditions.
 - 1) Should be fenced all around.
 - 2) The approach road needs widening and surfacing even though it is located within the estate.
 - 3) The limited patch of natural vegetation seen in the upper part adjacent to the proposed lease area should be preserved as such.
 - 4) A small plot should be set apart for the rehabilitation of rare plants seen in the area.
 - 5) The entire quarry should be provided with catch water drain. The storm water from the upper slopes to be channelized into the drain and clarified before it is let out.
 - 6) A RWH structure should be created for the storage of rain water.

The proponent agreed to set apart Rs 9 lakhs (non-recurring) and 13 lakhs (recurring) per year for a period of next 5 years for the welfare of the local community. The proponent also agreed to spend this amount in consultation with the local Panchayath.

- 4. The proposal was considered by the Authority in its 60th meeting held on 27.10.2016. The Authority resolved to issue Environmental Clearance on condition that quarrying should be started only after fulfilling the pre mining specific conditions No. 1, 2 and 4. An affidavit should be given for this.
- 5. The Proponent submitted the affidavits stating that the premining conditions No.1, 2 & 4 have been fulfilled before starting with mining. Environmental clearance as per the EIA notification 2006 is hereby accorded for the proposed Quarry project of Mr.K.V.Abraham, M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals Pvt. Ltd, Managing Partner, Thomsun Estates, Chempakapara, Erumely P.O, Kottayam District -686 509 in Survey No. 120/1-23 at Erumely South Village, Erumely Panchayath, Kanjirappally Taluk, Kottayam District, Kerala for an area of 4.23 hectares, subject to the specific conditions as recommended by SEAC in para 3 above, all the environmental impact mitigation and management measures undertaken by the project proponent in the Form I, EMP, PFR and Mining plan submitted to SEIAA. The assurances and clarifications given by the proponent will be deemed to be a part of these proceedings as if incorporated herein. Also the general conditions for projects stipulated for mining, appended hereto will be applicable and have to be strictly adhered to.
- 6. The clearance issued will also be subject to full and effective implementation of all the undertakings given in the application form, initigation measures as assured in the Environment Management Plan and the mining features including progressive mine closure plan as submitted with the application and relied on for grant of this clearance. The above undertakings and conditions and the undertakings subject to all the mining features, Environmental Management Plans as undertaken in the Mining Plan and EMP submitted to SEIAA will be deemed to be part of this proceedings as conditions as undertaken by the proponent, as if incorporated herein.
- 7. Validity of the Environmental Clearance will be five years from the date of this clearance, subject to inspection by SEIAA on annual basis and compliance of the conditions, subject to earlier review of E.C in case of violation or non-compliance of conditions or genuine complaints from residents within the security area of the quarry.
- 8. Compliance of the conditions herein will be monitored by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority or its authorised offices and also by the regional office of the Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India, Bangalore.
 - Necessary assistance for entry and inspection should be provided by the project proponent and those who are engaged or entrusted by him to the staff for inspection or monitoring.
 - ii. Instances of violation if any shall be reported to the District collector,

Kottayam to take legal action under the Environment (Protection) Act 1986.

iii. The given address for correspondence with the authorised signatory of the project is Mr.K.V.Abraham, M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals Pvt. Ltd, Managing Partner, Thomsun Estates, Chempakapara, Erumely P.O, Kottayam District -686 509.

Sd/-V.S.SENTHIL.I.A.S, Member Secretary (SEIAA)

To,

Mr.K.V.Abraham, M/s Thomsun Sands & Metals Pvt. Ltd, Managing Partner, Thomsun Estates, Chempakapara, Erumely P.O, Kottayam District -686 509

Copy to,

- 1. MoEF Regional Office, Southern Zone, Kendriya Sadan, 4th Floor, E&F Wing, II Block, Koramangala, Bangalore-560034.
- 2. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Environment Department, Government of Kerala.
- 3. Director, Mining & Geology, Thiruvananthapuram -4.
- 4. District Collector, Kottayam
- 5. Secretary, Erumely Grama Panchayat, Erumely P.O, Kanjirapally, Kottayam 686 509
- Chairman, SEIAA.
- 7. Website
- 8. S/f
- 9. O/c

Forwarded/By Order

Administrator, SEIAA

STATE ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY KERALA

GENERAL CONDITIONS (for mining projects)

- 1. Rain Water Harvesting facility should be installed as per the prevailing provisions of KMBR / KPBR, unless otherwise specified.
- 2. Environment Monitoring Cell as agreed under the affidavit filed by the proponent should be formed and made functional.
- 3. Suitable avenue trees should be planted along either side of the tarred road and open parking areas, if any, including of approach road and internal roads.
- 4. Maximum possible solar energy generation and utilization shall be ensured as an essential part of the project.
- 5. Sprinklers shall be installed and used in the project site to contain dust emissions.
- 6. Eco-restoration including the mine closure plan shall be done at the own cost of the project proponent.
- 7. At least 10 percent out of the total excavated pit area should be retained as water storage areas and the remaining area should be reclaimed with stacked dumping and overburden and planted with indigenous plant species that are eco-friendly, if no other specific condition on reclamation of pit is stipulated in the E.C.
- 8. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) agreed upon by the proponent should be implemented
- 9. The lease area shall be fenced off with barbed wires to a minimum height of 4ft around, before starting of mining. All the boundary indicators (boards, stores, markings, etc) shall be protected at all times and shall be conspicuous.
- Warning alarms indicating the time of blasting (to be done at specific timings) has to be arranged as per stipulations of Explosive Department.
- 11. Control measures on noise and vibration prescribed by KSPCB should be implemented.
- 12. Quarrying activities should be limited to day time as per KSPCB guidelines/specific conditions.
- Blasting should be done in a controlled manner as specified by the regulations of Explosives Department or any other concerned agency.
- 14. A licensed person should supervise/ control the blasting operations.
- 15. Access roads to the quarry shall be tarred to contain dust emissions that may arise during transportation of materials.
- Overburden materials should be managed within the site and used for reclamation of mine pit as per mine closure plan / specific conditions.
- 17. Height of benches should not exceed 5 m, and width should not be less than 5 m, if there is no mention is the mining plan/specific condition.
- 18. Mats to reduce fly rock blast to a maximum of 10 PPV should be provided.
- 19. Maximum depth of mining from general ground level at site shall not exceed 10m
- 20. No mining operations should be carried out at places having a slope greater than 45°.
- Acoustic enclosures should have been provided to reduce sound amplifications in addition to the provisions of green belt and hollow brick envelop for crushers so that the noise level is kept within prescribed standards given by CPCB/KSPCB.
- 22. The workers on the site should be provided with the required protective equipment such as ear muffs, helmet, etc.
- 23. Garland drains with clarifiers to be provided in the lower slopes around the core area to channelize storm water.
- 24. The transportation of minerals should be done in covered trucks to contain dust emissions.
- 25. The proponent should plant trees at least 5 times of the loss that has been occurred while clearing the land for the project.
- 26. Disposal of spent oil from diesel engines should be as specified under relevant Rules/Regulations.
- 27. Explosives should be stored in magazines in isolated place specified and approved by the Explosives Department.
- 28. A minimum buffer distance of 100 m from the boundary of the quarry to the nearest dwelling unit or other structures, not being any facility for mining shall be provided.
- 29. 100 m buffer distance should be maintained from forest boundaries.

30. Consent from Kerala State Pollution Control Board under Water and Air Act(s) should be obtained before initiating mining activity.

31. All other statutory clearances should be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the

respective competent authorities including that for blasting and storage of explosives.

32. In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, extent quantity, process of mining technology involved or in any way affecting the environmental parameters/impacts as assessed, based on which only the E.C is issued, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Authority, for which the proponent shall apply and get the approval of this Authority.

33. The Authority reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the

suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.

34. The stipulations by Statutory Authorities under different Acts and Notifications should be complied with, including the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.

The project proponent should advertise in at least two local newspapers widely circulated in the region, one of which (both the advertisement and the newspaper) shall be in the vernacular language informing that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance and copies of clearance letters are available with the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) office and may also be seen on the website of the Authority at www.seiaakerala.org. The advertisement should be made within 10 days from the date of receipt of the Clearance letter and a copy of the same signed in all pages should be forwarded to the office of this Authority as confirmation.

A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Grama Panchayat/ District Panchayat/ Municipality/Corporation/Urban Local Body and also to the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions / representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The Environmental Clearance shall also be put on the website of the company by the

proponent.

37. The proponent shall submit half yearly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) and upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, Govt. of India and also to the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) office.

38. The details of Environmental Clearance should be prominently displayed in a metallic board of 3 ft x 3 ft with green background and yellow letters of Times New Roman font of size of not less than 40. Sign board with extent of lease area and boundaries shall be depicted at the entrance of

the quarry, visible to the public

The proponent should provide notarized affidavit (indicating the number and date of Environmental Clearance proceedings) that all the conditions stipulated in the EC shall be scrupulously followed.

40. No change in mining technology and scope of working should be made without prior approval of the SEIAA, No further expansion or modifications in the mine shall be carried out without prior approval of the SEIAA, as applicable.

41. The Project proponent shall ensure that no natural water course and/or water resources shall be obstructed due to any mining operations. Necessary safeguard measures to protect the first order

streams, if any, originating from the mine lease shall be taken.

42. Monitoring of Ambient Air Quality to be carried out based on the Notification 2009, as amended from time to time by the Central Pollution Control Board. Water sprinkling should be increased at

places loading and unloading points & transfer point to reduce fugitive emissions.

43. The top soil, if any, shall temporarily be stored at earmarked site(s) only for the topsoil shall be used for land reclamation and plantation. The over burden (OB) generated during the mining operations shall be stacked at earmarked dump site(s) only. The maximum height of the dumps shall not exceed 8m and width 20m and overall slope of the dumps shall be maintained to 45°. The OB dumps should be scientifically vegetated with suitable native species to prevent erosion and surface run off. In critical areas, use of geo textiles shall be undertaken for stabilization of the dump. The entire excavated area shall be backfilled. Monitoring and management of rehabilitated areas should continue until the vegetation becomes self-sustaining.

Catch drains and siltation ponds of appropriate size shall be constructed around the mine 44. working, mineral and OB dumps to prevent run off of water and flow of sediments directly into the river and other water bodies. The water so collected should be utilized for watering the mine area, roads, green belt development etc. The drains shall be regularly desilted particularly after monsoon and maintained properly.

Effective safeguard measures such as regular water sprinkling shall be carried out in critical areas 45. prone to air pollution and having high levels of PM10 and PM2.5 such as haul Road, loading and unloading points and transfer points - it shall be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters

conform to the norms prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board in this regard.

Fugitive dust emissions from all the sources should be controlled regularly. Water spraying 46. arrangement on haul roads, loading and unloading and at transfer points should be provided and properly maintained.

Measures should be taken for control of noise levels below 85 dBA in the work environment. 47.

A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel should be set-up 48. under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the Organization.

The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures and CSR activate should be kept in 49. separate account and should not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure should be reported to the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) office.

The Regional Office of MOEF & CC located at Bangalore shall monitor compliance of the 50. stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (S) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data/information/monitoring reports.

Any appeal against this Environmental Clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if 51. preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

Concealing the factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any 52. of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

The SEIAA may revoke or suspend the order, for non implementation of any of the specific or 53. this implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory. The SEIAA reserves the right to alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.

The above conditions shall prevail not withstanding anything to the contrary, in consistent, or 54. simplified, contained in any other permit, license on consent given by any other authority for the

57.

This order is valid for a period of 5 years or the expiry date of mine lease period issued by the 55. Government of Kerala, whichever is earlier.

The Environmental Clearance will be subject to the final order of the courts in any pending 56. litigation related to the land or project, in any court of law.

The mining operation shall be restricted to above ground water table and it should not intersect ground water table.

All vehicles used for transportation and within the mines shall have 'PUC' certificate from 58. authorized pollution taking centre. Washing of all vehicles shall be inside the lease area'

Project proponent should obtain necessary prior permission of the competent authorities for 59. drawal of requisite quantity of surface water and ground water for the project.

Regular monitoring of flow rates and water quality upstream and downstream of the springs and 60. perennial nallahs flowing in and around the mine lease area shall be carried out and reported in the six monthly reports to SEIAA.

Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be under taken periodically to 61. observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.



For Member Secretary, SEIAA Kerala

