

## Proceedings of the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority Kerala

Present: Prof. (Dr.) K.P. Joy, Chairman, Dr. J. Subhashini. Member. Sri. P.H.Kurian, I.A.S; Member Secretary.

Sub: SEIAA - Environmental Clearance for the proposed housing project in Survey nos. 60/1A, 1B & 1C at Edappally South Village, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam District of Sri. Blaze Felix - Granted - Orders issued.

### STATE ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY, KERALA

File No. 834/SEIAA/KL/2712/2015

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram 17/03/2018

Ref:

- 1. Application dated on 10/07/2015 from Mr.Blaze Felix.
- Minutes of the 48<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEAC held on 06<sup>th</sup> & 07<sup>th</sup> November 2015 Minutes of the 49<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEAC held on 07/08-12-2015
- Minutes of the 48<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 23.01.2016.
- Letter No.1330/A2/17/KCZMA dated 13/09/2017 issued by Kerala Coastal Zone Management Authority.
- Minutes of the 74<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 9<sup>th</sup> October 2017
- Minutes of the 78<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 15.12.2017
- Minutes of the 84<sup>th</sup> SEAC meeting held on 22<sup>nd</sup> & 23<sup>rd</sup> January 2018.
- Minutes of the 80<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 16<sup>th</sup> February 2018.
- 10. Affidavit dated 03/11/2017 from Mr.Blaze Felix Pyyappil House, Kasim Lane, Kaloor, Ernakulam, Kerala-682017

# Environmental Clearance No.49/2018

Sri. Blaze Felix, Pyyappilly House, Kasim Lane, Kaloor P.O., Ernakulam, Kerala- 682 017, vide his application received on 14-07-2015 has sought environmental clearance under the EIA Notification, 2006 for the proposed housing project in Survey nos. 60/1A, 60/1B & 60/1C at Edappally South Village, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam District. It is interalia, noted that the project comes under the Category B, 8(a) of Schedule of EIA Notification 2006. No forest land is involved in the project.

> Details of project as furnished by the applicant are as follows:-BASIC INFORMATION OF BUILDING PROJECT

|  | PROJECT DETAILS   |
|--|---|
| File No.                               | 834 / SEIAA / EC3 / 2712 / 2015   |
| Name /Title of the project             | Environmental Clearance for the proposed Apartment project to be developed by Mr. Blaze Felix |
| Name and address of project proponent. | Mr. BLAZE FELIX, Pyyappilly House, Kasim Lane, Kaloor P.O., Ernakulam, Kerala-682017.         |

| Owner of the land                    | Private own land   |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                      | Survey Nos. 60/1A, 60/1B, 60/1C, Edappally South Village,  |  |  |  |  |
| Survey Nos. District/Taluk/ and      | Kochi Municipal Corporation, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam   |  |  |  |  |
| Village etc.                         | District, Kerala.  |  |  |  |  |
| Category/Sub Category and            | Category 'B',  |  |  |  |  |
| Schedule                             | Schedule 8 (a)   |  |  |  |  |
| Date of submission of Application    | 10-07-2015   |  |  |  |  |
| Total Built up Area & No. of floors  | 26 328 88 sq. m  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Bulli up Alea & No. of Hools   | Basement + Ground + 28 floors  |  |  |  |  |
| No. of apartments                    | 100 residential units with supporting infrastructure facilities  |  |  |  |  |
| Height of the building from the      | 83.4 m.  |  |  |  |  |
| ground level                         | 2005000  |  |  |  |  |
| GPS Co-ordinate                      | Latitude (N) 09059'40.77" to 09059'37.40   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | Longitude (E) 76°19'01.86" to 76°18'58.45"   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | Proposed Building Construction of Residential project with   |  |  |  |  |
| Brief description of the project.    | total plot area 0.5773 ha. and total built-up area about 26,328.88 sq. m. which consists of 100 Apartments with    |  |  |  |  |
|                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Is it a new Project or expansion /   | supporting infrastructure facilities.  New project   |  |  |  |  |
| modification of an existing project? | Trow project   |  |  |  |  |
| Details of the Project Cost          | About Rs. 33.44 Crores   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | Not applicable. The project site is near thodu which is not  |  |  |  |  |
| If CRZ recommendation                | attracting in CRZ regulation. In this connection, a letter was   |  |  |  |  |
| applicable?                          | issued by the KCZMA is submitted to SEIAAA.  |  |  |  |  |
| Distance from nearby habitation      | The project site is in Edappally South Village and is falling in   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | Municipal Corporation of Kochi limits and several houses   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | located within the 500 m. radius.  |  |  |  |  |
| Distance from nearby forest, if      | None within the study area   |  |  |  |  |
| applicable                           | N. 10  |  |  |  |  |
| Distance from protected area,        | Mangalayanam Bird Sanctuary – at about 4.5 km.   |  |  |  |  |
| Wildlife Sanctuary, National Park    | (application for Wildlife Clearance submitted).  |  |  |  |  |
| etc. Distance from nearby            | Thodu - abutting the site (W)  |  |  |  |  |
| streams/rivers/ National Highway     | Highway Road: N.H. 47 – about 0.2 km. (W)  |  |  |  |  |
| Roads and Airport                    | Airport – Cochin Int. Airport – about 26 km.   |  |  |  |  |
| Is ESA applicable? If so, distance   | Not applicable   |  |  |  |  |
| from ESA limit                       | **   |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | IMPACT ON WATER  |  |  |  |  |
| Details of water requirement per day | About 70 KL/day  |  |  |  |  |
| in KLD                               | (which includes daily fresh water req. of about 46 KLD)  |  |  |  |  |
| Water source/sources.                | Source :- Stored Rain water (Tanks), Wells, KWA water  |  |  |  |  |
| water source/sources.                | supply and treated water from STP.   |  |  |  |  |
| Details of water requirements met    | The project has provision for rain water storage tanks which   |  |  |  |  |
| from water harvesting.               | will be used as source of water during rainy days (concurrent  |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | use) & non-rainy days.   |  |  |  |  |
| TVI -t th - in of the                | The project has provisions for well waters supply as standby   |  |  |  |  |
| What are the impacts of the          | arrangement during non rainy days. The ground water abstraction will be of permissible limit of yield of the well. |  |  |  |  |
| proposal on the ground water?        | Therefore, no impact on the ground water.  |  |  |  |  |
| WASTE MANAGEMENT                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | Provision of STP for treatment of sewage and it's partially  |  |  |  |  |
| Explain the facilities for           | recycling for meeting the water requirement for flushing &   |  |  |  |  |
| Liquid waste Management              | horticulture water requirement within the site.  |  |  |  |  |
| Solid Waste Management               | Provision of bio-gas generation plant / bio-bin system within  |  |  |  |  |
|                                      | the project site for disposal of the bio-degradable solid waste  |  |  |  |  |

| E-Waste Management                     | Not applicable   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Facilities for                         | Yes.   |  |  |  |
| Sewage                                 | Provision of STP for treatment of sewage and it's partially  |  |  |  |
| Treatment Plant                        | recycling for meeting the water requirement for flushing &   |  |  |  |
|  | horticulture water requirement within the site.  |  |  |  |
| How much of the water requirement      | The total domestic water requirement of about 70 KLD (which  |  |  |  |
| can be met from the recycling of       | includes daily fresh water requirement of about 46 KL).  |  |  |  |
| treated waste water? (Facilities for   | Treated water from STP to be used for flushing of toilets,   |  |  |  |
| liquid waste treatment)                | Horticulture requirement.  |  |  |  |
| What is the incremental pollution      | Disposal of excess treated water from STP (with BOD level as   |  |  |  |
| load from waste water generated        | per KSPCB norms) will be only after providing additional   |  |  |  |
| from the proposed activities?          | aeration in the final treated water storage tank.  |  |  |  |
|  | Provision of roof rain water storage tanks. The excess runoff  |  |  |  |
| How is the storm water from within     | from the site will be channelized through drain to de-siltation  |  |  |  |
| the site managed?                      | cum screen arrangement before it is discharged from the site.  |  |  |  |
| Will the deployment of construction    | No   |  |  |  |
| labourers particularly in the peak     |  |  |  |  |
| period lead to unsanitary conditions   |  |  |  |  |
| around the project site (Justify with  |  |  |  |  |
| proper explanation)                    |  |  |  |  |
| What on- site facilities are provided  | The project has provision of mobile STP for the treatment of   |  |  |  |
| for the collection, treatment & safe   | sewage during construction phase and STP of about 68 KL  |  |  |  |
| disposal of sewage? (Give details      | capacity within the project premises to treat the sewage during  |  |  |  |
| of the quantities of wastewater        | operation phase. The technology for the treatment of the   |  |  |  |
| generation, treatment capacities       | sewage is up to tertiary level. The total quantity of sewage   |  |  |  |
| with technology & facilities for       | generation will be 56 KL/day. The treated water will be  |  |  |  |
| recycling and disposal)                | partially recycled for meeting the flushing & horticulture water   |  |  |  |
|  | requirement. There will be minimal sewage discharge from the   |  |  |  |
|  | proposed project premises after development of the proposed  |  |  |  |
|  | project.   |  |  |  |
| Give details of dual plumbing          | The treated waste water from the proposed Sewage Treatment   |  |  |  |
| system if treated waste is used for    | Plant during the operation phase of the project will be used for   |  |  |  |
| flushing of toilets or any other use.  | flushing & horticulture purposes and for which dual plumbing   |  |  |  |
| - In                                   | system is proposed.  RAFFIC MANAGEMENT   |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Sufficiency of parking space (explain) | Parking required as per KMBR = 118 Cars + 30 T.W.<br>Parking Proposed = 129 Cars + 70 T.W.                           |  |  |  |
| Width of access road                   | ·  |  |  |  |
| WIGHT OF ACCESS TORU                   | The access road to the project site is from 7 m. wide, <i>Puthiya Road</i> which is connected to N.H47 (Salem-Kochi- |  |  |  |
|  | Kanyakumari) which is located at about 0.2 km, away from   |  |  |  |
|  | the project site.  |  |  |  |
| FN                                     | NERGY CONSERVATION   |  |  |  |
| E.I.                                   | The total power requirement is estimated to be about   |  |  |  |
|  | 1,700 kVA and will be from by Kerala State Electricity Board.  |  |  |  |
|  | The project will make provision of D.G. Sets (630 kVA x 2 no.  |  |  |  |
|  | + 150 kVA x 1 no.) as standby arrangement of electricity. The  |  |  |  |
| Details of power requirement and       | proposed project will have provision of power saving and   |  |  |  |
| source of supply, backup source etc.   | maximum natural light will be provided to minimize energy  |  |  |  |
| What is the energy consumption         | consumption.   |  |  |  |
| assumed per square foot of built-up    | Other measures are:  |  |  |  |
| area? How have you tried to            | > Building design to have maximum lighting in the inside   |  |  |  |
| minimize energy consumption?           | portion of the building so as to minimize the energy   |  |  |  |
|  | requirement for lighting.  |  |  |  |
|  | ➤ Use of LED lamps which consume less energy would be  |  |  |  |
|  | adopted in the common areas.   |  |  |  |
| ······································ |  |  |  |  |

|  | <ul> <li>Use of solar street lights would be adopted in the green a and along the internal roads and in the open parking of proposed project.</li> <li>The roof will be insulated to minimize heat gain with mm expanded polystyrene or equivalent insulation.</li> <li>Installation of Solar panels as power back up for commarea (stair and lobby) lighting.</li> <li>Total energy saving is expected to be of about 23%.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| What type of, and capacity of power back-up to you plan to provide?  | The project proponent has made provision of D.G. Set (630 kVA x 2 no. + 150 kVA x 1 no. as standby arrangement of electricity   |  |  |  |
| What are the characteristics of the glass you plan to use? Provide specifications of its characteristics related to both short wave and long wave radiation?   | The glass used will be with low emissivity and the other specifications of the glass will comply with the norms as per ECBC.  |  |  |  |
| What passive solar architectural features are being used in the building? Illustrate the applications made in the proposed project   | All the relevant features are incorporated like the orientation of the building, shading effect etc.  |  |  |  |
| Does the layout of streets & buildings maximize the potential for solar energy devices? Have you considered the use of street lighting, emergency lighting and solar hot water systems for use in the building complex? Substantiate with details  | Due consideration has been taken for maximum use of the solar energy while preparation of layout plan. Provision solar energy devices will be used for street lighting, emergency lighting in the proposed project.   |  |  |  |
| Is the shading effectively used to reduce cooling/heating loads? What principles have been used to maximize the shading of Walls on the East and the West and the Roof? How much energy saving has been effected?  | All the relevant features are incorporated like the orientation of<br>the building, shading effect etc.   |  |  |  |
| Do the structure use energy-efficient space conditioning, lighting and mechanical systems? Provide technical details. Provide details of transformers and motor efficiencies, lighting intensity and airconditioning load assumptions? Are you using CFC and HCFC free chillers? Provide specifications. | Suitable energy optimization will be adopted during the calculation of energy load of the proposed project. The space heating load will be minimized using passive solar structure and suitable buildings envelop material. Uses of incandescent lamp and halogen lamps have been avoided and energy efficient LED lamps will be used for all common area. The diesel generator sets shall be automatically controlled to optimize their usage based on the actual load requirements at any time. Variable frequency drive systems would be adopted for the lifts, etc to maximize the energy saving. |  |  |  |
| What are the likely effects of the building activity in altering the micro-climates? Provide a self assessment on the likely impacts of the proposed construction on creation of heat island & inversion effects?  | More open spaces are proposed within the site to creation of any heat islands. The roads and parking spaces would be with concrete slabs intermittent with grass on surrounding.  |  |  |  |
| What are the thermal characteristics of the building envelope? (a) roof (b) external walls; and (c)  | The building construction material namely bricks, concrete and steel are being used in the construction. U-factor, also known as Thermal Transmittance, is heat transmission in unit time   |  |  |  |

| f   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| fenestration? Give details of the materials used.   | through unit area of a material or construction and to boundary air films, induced by unit temperature different between the environments on each side.  The glass used will be with low emissivity and the oth specifications of the glass will comply with the norms as p ECBC.   |  |  |
| What is the rate of air non-<br>conventional energy technologies<br>are utilized in the overall energy  | The use of non-conventional source of energy in the proposed construction project are as follows: - Solar Street Light: - It is also suggested to use solar cell powered street lights within the proposed project site for conservation of electricity.  |  |  |
| consumption? Provide details of the renewable energy technologies used.   | Use of LED Lamps: - The project proponent would use LED Lamp which conserve less electricity. Lighting: - Buildings of the proposed project is designed with natural ventilation and natural light so that the use of lights during day   |  |  |
| Details of renewable energy (non – conventional) used.  | time can be minimized.  Solar power operated street lights.   |  |  |
|   | ACT ON AIR ENVIRONMENT  |  |  |
| What are the mitigation measures on generation of dust, smoke, odours, fumes or hazardous gases   | The dust generation during construction phase will be controlled by enclosures at appropriate locations and also by sprinkling of water for suppression of dust. The gas/smoke generation expected is from D.G. sets only and the gases will be vented out through stack of appropriate height.   |  |  |
| Details of internal traffic management of the site.   | The internal road width will be of as per KMBR norms all around the building block. It is proposed to have 7 m. wide entry & 7 m. wide exit for the smooth movement of vehicles.  |  |  |
| Details of noise from traffic,<br>machines and vibrator and<br>mitigation measures  | The proposed project is a residential building construction project and there would be some increase in noise and vibration due to the vehicular movement within the project site. The project has provision of large area for the parking for the vehicles and the parking arrangement which is planned, that there would be easy movement of vehicles within the project area and smooth movement is provided for the vehicles to reduce the traffic congestion.  |  |  |
| Air quality monitoring in detail  | The ambient air quality of the site carried out through an accredited laboratory which is well within the standard limit.   |  |  |
| Will the proposal create shortage of parking space for vehicles? Furnish details of the present level of transport infrastructure and measures proposed for improvement including the traffic management at the entry & exit to the project site. | No shortage of parking space.  Parking provisions would be made as per the KMBR requirements.  The parking arrangement will be made at Basement, ground, 1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup> floor levels within the site.  It is proposed to have 7 m. wide entry and 7 m. wide exit for the smooth movement of vehicles.  The access road to the project site is from 7 m. wide, <i>Puthiya Road</i> which is connected to N.H47 (Salem-Kochi-Kanayakumari) which is located at about 0.2 km. away from the project site. |  |  |
| Provide details of the movement patterns with internal roads, bicycles tracks, Pedestrian pathways, footpaths etc., with areas under each   | The conceptual plan clearly shows the internal traffic<br>management with entry and exit to the proposed project site,<br>all internal roads. Further provision of ramps are proposed for<br>the easy access to the building for physically challenged  |  |  |

| category  | persons.   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Will there be significant increase in traffic noise & vibrations? Give details of the sources and the measures proposed for mitigation of the above.  | The proposed project is a residential project and there would be some increase in noise and vibration due to the vehicular movement within the project site. The project has provision of large area for the parking for the vehicles and the parking arrangement which is planned that there would be easy  |  |  |  |
| What will be impact of DG sets & other equipments on noise levels & vibration in & ambient air quality around the project site? Provide details   |  |  |  |  |
| IMPACT ON BIODIVERS   | SITY AND ECO RESTORATION PROGRAMMES  |  |  |  |
| Will the project involve extensive clearing or modification of vegetation (Provide details)   | Due to the proposed development, some of the existing trees will be cut from the proposed site. As part of the eco restoration, large number of saplings of native species would be planted.   |  |  |  |
| What ate the measures proposed to minimize the likely impact on vegetation (details of proposal for tree plantation/landscaping)  | Due to the proposed development, some of the existing trees will be cut from the proposed site. As part of the eco restoration, large number of saplings of native species would be planted. Due to the eco restoration, the impact to floral and faunal ecology will be short term.   |  |  |  |
| Is there any displacement of fauna – both terrestrial and aquatic. – If so what are the mitigation measures?  Presence of any endangered species or red listed category (in detail)           | There will be no displacement of fauna due to the construction of the proposed project.  There is no presence of endangered species or red listed category.  |  |  |  |
|   | CIO- ECONOMIC ASPECTS  |  |  |  |
| Will the proposal result in any change to the demographic structure of local population? Provide the details.  Give details of the existing social infrastructure around the proposed project | The proposed project is a residential project. During operation phase, on full occupancy of the project, the maximum population expected is about 500 persons and hence there will be influx of people (fixed) to the project area and surrounding.  There are several schools, colleges, religious places, commercial and residential buildings, Govt. and private establishments which are located around the proposed project. The vicinity map showing the surrounding details of the                                |  |  |  |
| Will the project cause adverse effects on local communities, disturbances to sacred sites or other cultural values? What are the safeguards proposed?   | proposed project is provided.  The project would not cause any adverse effects on local communities, disturbance to sacred sites or other cultural values. The proposed project is a residential project and thereby the living index of the people around the project site will definitely improve. Also there will be various ancillary activities like convenient shops, transport facilities etc. attached to the project which will benefit the local people and change their living condition.  BUILDING MATERIALS |  |  |  |
| May involve the use of building   | The proposed project is a residential building construction  |  |  |  |

materials with high -embodied project and the selection of building materials plays a major role in the energy consumption. The proposed project will energy. Are the construction materials produced with energy make all attempts to use to avoid building materials with high efficient process? (Give details of embodied energy. Cement blocks & hollow blocks will be energy conservation measures in the replaced with country made red bricks. Further, the river sand selection of building materials and will be replaced by manufactured sand from stone crushers. their energy efficiency) The glass used will be low emissivity and having U value as per ECBC norms. All vehicles which bring construction material to the site would possess Pollution Under Control Certificates (PUC). All vehicles would be of close body to avoid spread of dust from the loose materials, and vehicles which bring sand, stone dust, etc. would ensure that the above mentioned material are Transport and handling of materials properly wetted during transportation to avoid dust generation. during construction may result in Pucca Road to be made in the construction site for the vehicle pollution, noise & public nuisance. movement so that the dust generation due to the vehicular movement within the project site can be minimized. Stacking What measures are taken to of construction material shall be confined to the project site minimize the impacts? only. All the D.G. Sets would have attached with Acoustic Enclosure for the sound pollution control and all sound generating construction activity to be minimized. Further barricading of the site with GI sheets of 10 ft height in the side abutting the public road during construction phase. Are recycled materials used in roads The plastic (non-biodegradable solid waste) will be used and structures? State the extent of along with coal tar during the construction of internal roads. savings achieved? This will increase the life of roads. The Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 will be followed in the Solid Waste Disposal Mechanism at the site during operation phase. Collection & segregation within the site (bio-degradable waste (green bins), non-biodegradable waste (blue bins) and domestic hazardous waste (yellow bins). > The recyclable waste like packaging material, paper etc. would be sold through vendors. The Bio-degradable waste would be disposed through the Give details of the methods of bio-gas generation unit/bio bin system to be installed collection, segregation & disposal of within the site. the garbage generated during the The bio-gas generated will be utilized in operation phases of the project. kitchen/canteen area and the manure generated will be utilized for green area development within the premises. The domestic hazardous waste which includes discarded painted drums, pesticide cans, CFL bulbs, tube lights, expired medicines, broken mercury thermometers, used batteries, used needles and syringes and contaminated gauge etc. generated at the household level will be collected in yellow bins and to be handed over to authorized waste pickers or waste collectors. RISK MANAGEMENT Risk hazard from fire - List of equipments proposed for Are there sufficient measures Fire Fighting Measures:proposed for risk hazards in case of A. The major equipments proposed for Fire Fighting emergency such as accident at the Measures are Main Hydrant Pump, Sprinkler Pump, Diesel site during construction & post Engine Pump, Jockey Pump. construction phase. B. Capacity of Fire Water Storage Tanks & Number:-It is proposed to have Fire Water Storage Tank appropriate

|  | capacity of overhead tank for fire fighting provided at the tower.  C. Fire Detecting Equipments: - The Fire Detecting Equipments would be as per BIS and NBC norms.  D. Other Fire Fighting Measures: -  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
|  | The other Fire Fighting Measures proposed includes, an Emergency Control Room, Separate Fire exit during emergency, all rooms with Fire Detector / Smoke Detector, Fire Extinguishes at each entry and exit point on each floor, (5 Kg, 10 Kg and 9 Ltr. capacity), Public address system etc. The Fire Fighting Measures are backed by Electrical supply from D.G. sets in case of emergency.  |  |  |
| Storage of explosives/hazardous  | The nearest fire station is at <i>Kakkanad</i> Fire Station, which is about 5 km. away from the project site.  Yes, all precautionary measures in the storage & handling of   |  |  |
| substance in detail  What precautions & safety measures are proposed against fire hazards?  Furnish details of emergency plans   | HSD will be followed.  Details already provided above.  |  |  |
| Litigation/court cases if any  | No litigation/court case pending.   |  |  |
| Will the proposed constructions in   | No.   |  |  |
| any way result in the obstruction of a view, scenic amenity or landscapes? Are these considerations taken into account by the proponents?                                    | There is no any scenic beauty near the project site. There is a drain in the west side. The proposed project will not disturb this drain during construction & operation phase.   |  |  |
| Will there be any adverse impacts from new constructions on the existing structures? What are considerations taken into account?   | The surrounding area is residential / offices / institutional developments. In south direction there is access road (Puthiya Road) to the site. Also, there is road in east direction abutting the site which is join with <i>Puthiya</i> road. Also, there is a drain flowing in west side of the property. There will be no any adverse impacts due to the development of the proposed project.   |  |  |
| Whether there are any local considerations of urban form & urban design influencing the design criteria? They may be explicitly spelt out.                                   | The proposed project would be constructed in conformity with the Kerala Municipality Building Rules (KMBR).  As per seismic classification, the project site falls in Zone-III. No reported cloudburst in the area. Also, there is no hilly area around the project site, there is no chance of landslide. Structural design aspects as per the seismic codes — IS 1893 (2002), IS 13920 (1993) and IS 456 (2000) as applicable would be incorporated in our project. |  |  |
| Are there any anthropological or archaeological sites or artefacts nearby? State if any other significant features in the vicinity of the proposed site have been considered | There is no report of existence of any anthropological or archaeological site nearby the project area. The proposed project is located in Kochi Municipal Corporation limits. The vicinity map showing the site & surrounding area is provided.   |  |  |
| Details of CSR activity and the amount set apart per year  | Yes.  A detailed study on social status of the project si surroundings & need base study on proposed CSR activities were carried out. The summary of the report is given below:   |  |  |

|  | 1 =  | ,                     | ·                                 |  |  |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|  | Sl.  | Particulars           | Amount                            |  |  |
|  | No.  | ·                     | (Rs. In lakhs)                    |  |  |
|  | 1 1.   | Environmental         | Recurring = Rs. 2.6 lakhs         |  |  |
|  |  | Sustainability        | Non-recurring = Rs. 6.0 lakhs     |  |  |
|  | 2.   | Development of        | Recurring = Rs. 2.05 lakhs        |  |  |
|  |  | Infrastructure        | Non-recurring = Rs. 3.70 lakhs    |  |  |
|  | ] 3.   | Care to vulnerable    | Recurring = Rs. 9.20 lakhs        |  |  |
|  | <u> </u>   |                       | Non-recurring = Rs. 4.0 lakhs     |  |  |
|  | The above CSR activities for the welfare of local community  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | will be carried out in consultation with the Cochin  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| Details of NADET - 1514  | Corpor   |                       |                                   |  |  |
| Details of NABET approved EIA                                    | M/s Environmental Engineers & Consultants Pvt. Ltd.  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| Consultant engaged-Their name, address and accreditation details | (NABI  | ET Accredited Consul  | tant Organization)                |  |  |
| address and accreditation details                                | Head Office: - A1-198, Janak Puri, New Delhi.  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | Branch Office: - C-306, Kanchanjunga Apartments,   |                       |                                   |  |  |
| Details of Authorized Signatory and                              | Palarivattom P.O., Kochi, Kerala.  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| address for correspondence                                       | 7  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| address for correspondence                                       | Pyyappilly House,  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | Kasim Lane, Kaloor P.O.,<br>Ernakulam, Kerala-682017.  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| CITA   | TMADSZ   | AND CONCLUSIO         |                                   |  |  |
| 501  |  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| Overall justification for  | The proposed project is a construction of residential project  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| implementation of the project.                                   | and the total implementation / completion period for the   |                       |                                   |  |  |
| project:   | construction is about 36 months from the start of the construction.  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  |  |                       | marsia immast dan ta di i         |  |  |
|  | will no  | eitively increase th  | onomic impact due to this project |  |  |
|  | will positively increase the chance of more employment   |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | opportunities for local inhabitants. There are no Resettlement   |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | and Rehabilitation issues involved in this project. The project  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | infrastructures will be of use to people of the area. The revenue  |                       |                                   |  |  |
| Explanation of how adverse impact                                | of the State Govt. will be definitely increased due to the   |                       |                                   |  |  |
| have been mitigated.   | proposed activity. The entire project area is devoid of any endemic / endangered flora and fauna. As part of the eco         |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | es to a maximum possible extent  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | restoration with native species to a maximum possible extent.  Also, rain water tanks are proposed for storage of rain water |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | and for its subsequent use so as to conserve fresh water   |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | consumption. The municipal solid waste will be handled and   |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | disposed as per norms. Thus the proposed project is not likely   |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | to affect the environment or adjacent ecosystem adversely and  |                       |                                   |  |  |
|  | will ensi  | re a sustainable deve | lopment                           |  |  |
|  |  | " O WO WOULD GO YO    | avpinett,                         |  |  |

- 2. The 48<sup>th</sup> SEAC Committee appraised the proposal and deferred the item since the proponent was absent.
- The proposal was placed in the 49th meeting of SEAC held on 7/8th Dec 2015. 3. The proponent along with the expert attended the meeting and the proposed project include 50 nos. of 3 bed rooms and 50 nos of 4 bed rooms apartments. entry and exit is proposed for traffic regulation. The proponent has informed that only 31% of the land is used for construction. The proponent agreed to enhance the capacity of proposed RWH capacity of 50,000  $1,00,000~\mathrm{KL}$ . The projects depends KWA for drinking water only. There is a thodu flowing adjacent to the proposed area and the proponent informed that it will be maintained properly.

proposal based Form-I. The Committee appraised the Form- IA, EIA report and all other documents which submitted been recommend for issuance of along with the application and decided to conditions, in addition to Environmental Clearance with following specific the general conditions stipulated for building.

- 1. The RWH capacity should be enhanced to 1,00,000 KL
- 2. The thodu flowing adjacent to the proposed area should be kept undisturbed.
- 4. The proposal was placed in the 48<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 23.01.2016. Authority resolved to write to the proponent to produce CRZ clearance from the KCZMA for issue of E.C.
  - The proponent has submitted NOC vide Letter No.1330/A2/2017/KCZMA dt.13.09.2017 issued by Kerala Coastal Zone Management Authority (KCZMA) stating that the project does not fall within CRZ regulations and is outside CRZ.
- 5. The proposal was placed in the 74<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 9<sup>th</sup> October 2017. Authority decided to issue Environmental Clearance subject to general conditions in addition to the following specific conditions.
  - 1. The RWH capacity should be enhanced to 1,00,000 KL
  - 2. The thodu flowing adjacent to the proposed area should be kept undisturbed.

2% of the total project cost should be committed for CSR activities. A notarised affidavit for the commitment of CSR activities and also agreeing all the general and specific conditions should be submitted before the issuance of EC.

The proponent has submitted an affidavit vide ref 10<sup>th</sup> above stating that all the general and specific conditions shall be strictly implemented.

A request dated 12.12.2017 has been received from the proponent regarding typographical error which occurred in the minutes of  $74^{th}$  meeting that the RWH capacity should be enhanced to 1,00,000 KL. The proponent needs to correct it as 1, 00,000 litres.

- 6. The proposal was again placed in the 78<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on 15.12.2017. Authority noticed that since the error is in the specific condition suggested by SEAC in its 49<sup>th</sup> meeting held on 07<sup>th</sup> & 08<sup>th</sup> December 2015, it was decided to return the proposal back to SEAC to verify the mistake and recommend for correction if found true.
- 7. The proposal was placed in the 84<sup>th</sup> SEAC meeting held on 22<sup>nd</sup> & 23<sup>rd</sup> January 2018. The Committee decided to rectify the typographical error and intimate SEIAA the capacity of RWH to be read as 1,00,000 litres (100 KL).
- 8. The proposal was thus placed in the 80<sup>th</sup> meeting of SEIAA held on16<sup>th</sup> February 2018. Authority accepted the decision of SEAC and decided to rectify the typographical error and the capacity of RWH to be read as 1,00,000 litres (100 KL) before the issuance of EC.
- 9. Environmental Clearance as per the EIA notification 2006 is hereby accorded for the proposed Housing Project of Mr.Blaze Felix, Pyyappilly House, Kasim lane, Kaloor P.O., Ernakulam in Edappally South Village, Kochi Municipal Corporation, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam District in Survey Nos.60/1A, 60/1B,60/1C with total built-up area of 26,328.88 m², subject to the conditions mentioned in para 5<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> and the usual general conditions for projects other than

mining appended hereto and the following green conditions should be strictly adhered to.

#### **Green Guidelines**

- 1. Adequate rain water harvesting facilities shall be arranged for.
- 2. Technology and capacity of the STP to be indicated with discharge point (if any) of the treated effluent.
- 3. Effluent water not conforming to specifications shall not be let out to water bodies.
- 4. Maximum reuse of grey water for toilet flushing and gardening and construction work shall be ensured.
- 5. Dual plumbing for flushing shall be done.
- 6. Provisions for disposal of e-wastes, solid wastes, non-biodegradables and separate parking facility for the buildings shall be provided.
- 7. Generation of solar energy to be mandatory for own use and/or to be provided to the grid.
- 8. There shall be no compromise on safety conditions and facilities to be provided by the project proponent, which shall be ensured for occupation, regularization or consent to operate.
- The clearance will be subject to all the environmental impact mitigation and management measures envisaged by the project proponent in the documents submitted to SEIAA, and the mitigation measures specified. The assurances in form 1A of the application (Appendix 1I) and clarifications given by the proponent will be deemed to be part of these proceedings as if incorporated herein. Also the general conditions for projects other than mining appended hereto and the following green guidelines will be applicable and have to be strictly adhered to.
- 11. Validity of the Environmental Clearance will be seven years from the date of issuance the subject to earlier review in the event of noncompliance or violation of any of the conditions stipulated herein.
- 12. Compliance of the conditions herein will be monitored by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority or its agencies and also by the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Govt. of India, Bangalore.
  - i) Necessary assistance for entry and inspection by the concerned officials and staff should be provided by the project proponents.
  - ii) Instances of violation if any shall be reported to the District Collector, Ernakulam to take legal action under the Environment (Protection) Act 1986.
  - iii) The given address for correspondence with the authorized signatory of the project is, Mr.Blaze Felix, Pyyappilly House, Kasim Lane, Kaloor.P.O., Ernakulam District

Sd/-P H.Kurian I.A.S Member Secretary (SEIAA),

To
Mr. Mr.Blaze Felix,
Pyyappilly House,
Kasim Lane,
Kaloor.P.O., Ernakulam District

#### Copy to

- 1. MoEF Regional Office, Southern Zone, Kendriya Sadan, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, E&F Wing, II Block, Koramangala, Bangalore-560034
- 2. Additional chief Secretary to Government, Environment Department,
- 3. The District Collector, Ernakulam
- 4. The District Town Planner, Ernakulam
- 5 Tahsildar, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam
- 6. Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Pattom, Thiruvananthapuram
- 7. Chairman, SEIAA
- 8. The Secretary, Kochi Municipal Corporation, Ernakulam
- **√**9. Website
  - 10. Stock File
- 11. O/c

Forwarded /By Order

Administrator(SEIAA)

### GENERAL CONDITIONS (for projects other than mining)

- (i) Rain Water Harvesting capacity should be installed as per the prevailing provisions of KMBR / KPBR, unless otherwise specified elsewhere.
- (ii) Environment Monitoring Cell as agreed under the affidavit filed by the proponent should be formed and made functional.
- (iii) Suitable avenue trees should be planted along either side of the tarred road and open parking areas, if any, inclusive of approach road and internal roads.
- (iv) The project shall incorporate devices for solar energy generation and utilization to the maximum possible extent with the possibility of contributing the same to the national grid in future.
- (v) Safety measures should be implemented as per the Fire and Safety Regulations.
- (vi) STP should be installed and made functional as per KSPCB guidelines including that for solid waste management.
- (vii) The conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 should be observed for Corporate Social Responsibility.
- (viii) The proponent should plant trees at least 5 times of the loss that has been occurred while clearing the land for the project.
  - (ix) Consent from Kerala State Pollution Control Board under Water and Air Act(s) should be obtained before initiating activity.
  - (x) All other statutory clearances should be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities including that for blasting and storage of explosives.
- (xi) In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Authority.
- (xii) The Authority reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
- (xiii) The stipulations by Statutory Authorities under different Acts and Notifications should be complied with, including the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.
- (xiv) The environmental safeguards contained in the EIA Report should be implemented in letter and spirit.
- (xv) Provision should be made for supply of kerosene or cooking gas and pressure cooker to the labourers during construction phase.
- Officials from the Regional of MOEF, Banglore who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards should be given full co-operation, facilities and documents/data by the project proponents during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to MoEF should be forwarded to the CCF, Regional Office of MOEF, Bangalore.
- (xvii) These stipulations would be enforces among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control Pollution) at 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.

Environmental Clearance is subject to final order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India (xviii) in the matter of Goa Foundation Vs. Union of India in Writ Petition (Civil) No.460 of 2004 as may be applicable to this project.

Any appeal against this Environmental Clearance shall lie with the National Environment (xix) Appellate Authority, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under section

11 of the National Environment Appellate Act, 1997.

The project proponent should advertise in at least two local newspapers widely circulated (xx)in the region, one of which (both the advertisement and the newspaper) shall be in the vernacular language informing that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance and copies of clearance letters are available with the Department of Environment and Climate Change, Govt. of Kerala and may also be seen on the website of the Authority at www.seiaakerala.org. The advertisement should be made within 10 days from the date of receipt of the Clearance letter and a copy of the same signed in all pages should be forwarded to the office of this Authority as confirmation.

A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned (xxi) GramaPanchayat/ District Panchayat/ Municipality/Corporation/Urban Local Body and also to the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions / representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The Environmental Clearance shall also be put

on the website of the company by the proponent.

The proponent shall submit half yearly reports on the status of compliance of the (xxii) stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) and upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, Govt. of India and also to the Directorate of Environment and Climate Change, Govt. of

The details of Environmental Clearance should be prominently displayed in a metallic (xxiii) board of 3 ft x 3 ft with green background and yellow letters of Times New Roman font

of size of not less than 40.

The proponent should provide notarized affidavit (indicating the number and date of (xxiv) Environmental Clearance proceedings) that all the conditions stipulated in the EC shall be scrupulously followed.

### SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

### I.Construction Phase

"Consent for Establishment" shall be obtained from Kerala State Pollution Control i. Board under Air and Water Act and a copy shall be submitted to the Ministry before start of any construction work at the site.

All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting ii. construction activities and to be maintained throughout the construction phase.

A First Aid Room will be provided in the project both during construction and iii.

operation of the project.

- Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction iv. workers at the site, Provision should be made for mobile toilets. The safe disposal of wastes generated during the construction phase should be wastewater and solid ensured.
- All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in v. horticulture/landscape development within the project site.

xxiv. The approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings due to earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc. as per National, Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.

Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to the

surroundings.

xxvi. Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the protect proponent if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.

#### II. Operation Phase

- i. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated affluent emanating from STP shall be recycled / reused to the maximum extent possible. Treatment of 100% grey water by decentralised treatment should be done. Discharge of unused treated affluent shall conform to the norms and standards of the Kerala State Pollution Control Board. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- ii. The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. Wet garbage should be composted and dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material.
- iii. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of back up power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Kerala State pollution Control Board.
- iv. Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During night time the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
- v. The green belt of the adequate width and density preferably with local species along the periphery of the plot shall be raised so as to provide protection against particulates and noise.
- vi. Weep holes in the compound walls shall be provided to ensure natural drainage of rain water in the catchment area during the monsoon period.
- vii. Rain water harvesting for roof run-off and surface run-off, as plan submitted should be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease. The borewell for rainwater recharging should be kept at least 5 mts. above the highest ground water table.
- viii. The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Central Ground Water Authority.
- ix. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the purposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
- x. A Report on the energy conservation measures confirming to energy conservation norms finalise by Bureau of Energy Efficiency should be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology, R & U Factors etc and submit to the Ministry in three months time.

Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on vi. the neighbouring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.

Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to vii.

ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.

Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials, viii. must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses and the dump sites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.

Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, should be disposed off as ix. per applicable rules and norms with necessary approval of the Kerala State Pollution

Control Board.

The diesel generator sets to be during construction phase should be low sulphur diesel X. type and should conform to Environment (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.

The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if xi.

required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosives shall be taken.

Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good xii. condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to the applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-

peak hours.

xix.

Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and xiii. night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/KSPCB.

Fly ash should be used as building material in construction as per the provisions of xiv. Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August 2003. (The

above condition is applicable Power Stations).

Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction. XV.

Storm water control and its re-use per CGWB and BIS standards for various xvi. applications.

Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, xvii.

curing agents and other best practices referred.

Permission to draw ground shall be obtained from the Computer Authority prior to xviii. construction/operation of the project.

Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing line

for separation of grey and black water.

Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use XX. of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.

Use of glass may be reduced by upto 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and xxi. load on airconditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special reflective coating in windows.

Roof should meet prespective requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code xxii.

by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfil requirement.

Opaque wall should meet perspective requirement as per energy Conservation xxiii. Building Code which is proposed to be mandatory for all airconditioned spaces while it is aspirational for non-airconditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfil requirement.

- xi. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Use CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible.
- xii. Adequate measures should be taken to prevent odour problem from solid waste processing plant and STP.
- xiii. The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.

#### **III Post Operational Phase**

Environmental Monitoring Committee with defined functions and responsibility should foresee post operational environmental problems e.g. development of slums near the site, increase in traffic congestion, power failure, increase in noise level, natural calamities, and increase in suspended particulate matter etc. solve the problem immediately with mitigation measures

For Member Secretary, SEIAA

